

Vendor: Fortinet

Exam Code: FCP_FCT_AD-7.2

Exam Name: FCP - FortiClient EMS 7.2 Administrator

Version: DEMO

QUESTION 1

An administrator needs to connect FortiClient EMS as a fabric connector to FortiGate What is the prerequisite to get FortiClient EMS lo connect to FortiGate successfully?

- A. Import and verify the FortiClient EMS tool CA certificate on FortiGate.
- B. Revoke and update the FortiClient client certificate on EMS.
- C. Import and verify the FortiClient client certificate on FortiGate.
- D. Revoke and update the FortiClient EMS root CA.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Connecting FortiClient EMS to FortiGate:

The administrator needs to establish a connection between FortiClient EMS and FortiGate as a fabric connector.

Prerequisites for Connection:

A key prerequisite is the import and verification of the FortiClient EMS tool CA certificate on FortiGate to ensure a trusted connection.

Conclusion:

The correct prerequisite for a successful connection is to import and verify the FortiClient EMS tool CA certificate on FortiGate.

QUESTION 2

An administrator must add an authentication server on FortiClient EMS in a different security zone that cannot allow a direct connection.

Which solution can provide secure access between FortiClient EMS and the Active Directory server?

- A. Configure and deploy a FortiGate device between FortiClient EMS and the Active Directory server.
- B. Configure Active Directory and install FortiClient EMS on the same VM.
- C. Configure a slave FortiClient EMS on a virtual machine.
- D. Configure an Active Directory connector between FortiClient EMS and the Active Directory server.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Requirement:

The administrator needs to add an authentication server on FortiClient EMS in a different security zone that cannot allow a direct connection.

Solution Analysis:

The goal is to securely connect FortiClient EMS and the Active Directory server despite being in different security zones.

Evaluating Options:

Installing FortiClient EMS on the same VM as Active Directory (option B) is not practical due to security zone separation.

Configuring a slave FortiClient EMS on a virtual machine (option C) does not address the need for secure communication.

Configuring an Active Directory connector (option D) may not be sufficient without secure routing.

Conclusion:

Deploying a FortiGate device between FortiClient EMS and the Active Directory server ensures secure and controlled access between the two zones.

QUESTION 3

What does FortiClient do as a fabric agent? (Choose two.)

- A. Provides IOC verdicts
- B. Creates dynamic policies
- C. Provides application inventory
- D. Automates Responses

Answer: CD

QUESTION 4

Based on the FortiClient logs shown in the exhibit, which endpoint profile policy is currently applied to the FortiClient endpoint from the EMS server?

Log - Policy

1:40:39 PM	Information	Vulnerability id=96521 msg="A vulnerability scan result has been logged" status=N/A vulncat="Operating
1:40:39 PM	Information	Vulnerability id=96520 msg="The vulnerability scan status has changed" status="scanning finished" vulnc
1:41:38 PM	Information	ESNAC id=96958 user=Admin msg="User social media information" social_srvc=os social_user=Admin
2:12:22 PM	Information	Config id=96882 msg="Policy 'Default' was received and applied"
2:13:27 PM	Information	ESNAC id=96958 user=Admin msg="User social media information" social srvc=os social_user=Admin
2:14:32 PM	Information	ESNAC id=96959 emshostname=WIN-EHVKBEA3S71 msg="Endpoint has AV whitelist engine version 6.00134 and si
2:14:54 PM	Information	Config id=96882 msg="Policy 'Default' was received and applied"
2:16:01 PM	Information	ESNAC id=96958 user=Admin msg="User social media information" social_srvc=os social_user=Admin
2:20:19 PM	Information	Config id=96883 msg="Compliance rules 'default' were received and applied"
2:20:23 PM	Debug ESNAC	PIPEMSG CMD_ESNAC_STATUS_RELOAD_CONFIG
2:20:23 PM	Debug ESNAC	cb828898d1ae56916f84cc7909a1eb1a
2:20:23 PM	Debug ESNAC	Before Reload Config
2:20:23 PM	Debug ESNAC	ReloadConfig
2:20:23 PM	Debug Schedul	ler stop_task() called
2:20:23 PM	Debug Schedul	ler GUI change event
2:20:23 PM	Debug Schedul	ler stop_task() called
2:20:23 PM	Information	Config id=96882 msg="Policy 'Fortinet-Training' was received and applied"
2:20:23 PM	Debug Config	'scan on registration' is disabled - delete 'on registration' vulnerability scan.
2:20:23 PM	Debug Config	<pre>ImportConfig: tag <\forticlient_configuration\antiexploit\exclusion_applications> value is empty.</pre>

A. Fortinet-Training

- B. Default configuration policy
- C. Compliance rules default
- D. Default

Answer: A

Explanation:

Observation of Logs: The logs show a policy named "Fortinet-Training" being applied to the endpoint.

Evaluating Policies:

The log entries indicate that the "Fortinet-Training" policy was received and applied.

Conclusion:

Based on the logs, the currently applied policy on the FortiClient endpoint is "Fortinet-Training".

QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit. Based on the settings shown in the exhibit, which action will FortiClient take

when users try to access www.facebook.com?

 Unrated 	 Advertising
Ø Potentially Liable	 Brokerage and Trading
Adult/Mature Content	Games
 Bandwidth Consuming 	Web-based Email
General Interest - Personal	 Entertainment
 General Interest - Business 	 Arts and Culture
	 Education
	 Health and Wellness
	Job Search
	O Medicine
	News and Media
	Ø Social Networking
	vveo unat Instant Messaging
Web Filter Excl	usions
URL:	".facebook.com
URL:	
Action:	Allow
Action: Type:	Allow Vildcard
Action:	Allow
Action: Type:	Allow Wildcard
Action: Type:	Allow Wildcard Cancel

- A. FortiClient will allow access to Facebook.
- B. FortiClient will block access to Facebook and its subdomains.
- C. FortiClient will monitor only the user's web access to the Facebook website

D. FortiClient will prompt a warning message to want the user before they can access the Facebook website

Answer: A

Explanation: Observation of Web Filter Exclusions: The exhibit shows a web filter exclusion for "*.facebook.com" with the action set to "Allow."

Evaluating Actions:

This configuration means that FortiClient will allow access to Facebook and its subdomains.

Conclusion:

When users try to access "www.facebook.com," FortiClient will allow the access based on the web filter exclusion settings.

QUESTION 6

Why does FortiGate need the root CA certificate of FortiCient EMS?

- A. To revoke FortiClient client certificates
- B. To sign FortiClient CSR requests
- C. To update FortiClient client certificates
- D. To trust certificates issued by FortiClient EMS

Answer: D

Explanation:

Understanding the Need for Root CA Certificate: The root CA certificate of FortiClient EMS is necessary for FortiGate to trust certificates issued by FortiClient EMS.

Evaluating Use Cases:

FortiGate needs the root CA certificate to establish trust and validate certificates issued by FortiClient EMS.

Conclusion:

The primary reason FortiGate needs the root CA certificate of FortiClient EMS is to trust certificates issued by FortiClient EMS.

QUESTION 7

Which three features does FortiClient endpoint security include? (Choose three.)

A. DLP

- B. Vulnerability management
- C. L2TP
- D. IPsec
- E. Real-lime protection

Answer: BDE

Explanation:

Understanding FortiClient Features: FortiClient endpoint security includes several features aimed at protecting and managing endpoints. **Evaluating Feature Set:**

Vulnerability management is a key feature of FortiClient, helping to identify and address vulnerabilities (B).

IPsec is supported for secure VPN connections (D).

Real-time protection is crucial for detecting and preventing threats in real-time (E).

Eliminating Incorrect Options:

Data Loss Prevention (DLP) (A) is typically managed by FortiGate or FortiMail. L2TP (C) is a protocol used for VPNs but is not specifically a feature of FortiClient endpoint security.

QUESTION 8

Which component or device defines ZTNA lag information in the Security Fabric integration?

- A. FortiClient
- B. FortiGate
- C. FortiClient EMS
- D. FortiGate Access Proxy

Answer: C

Explanation:

Understanding ZTNA: Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA) requires defining tags for identifying and managing endpoint access.

Evaluating Components:

FortiClient EMS is responsible for managing and defining ZTNA tag information within the Security Fabric.

Conclusion:

The correct component that defines ZTNA tag information in the Security Fabric integration is FortiClient EMS.

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