

➤ **Vendor: Cisco**

➤ **Exam Code: 200-201**

➤ **Exam Name: 200-201 Understanding Cisco Cybersecurity Operations Fundamentals (CBROPS)**

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QUESTION 16

Drag and Drop Question

Refer to the exhibit. Drag and drop the element name from the left onto the correct piece of the PCAP file on the right.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
17	0.011641	10.0.2.15	192.124.249.9	TCP	76	50586-443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=
18	0.011918	10.0.2.15	192.124.249.9	TCP	76	50588-443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=
19	0.022656	192.124.249.9	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	443-50588 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0
20	0.022702	10.0.2.15	192.124.249.9	TCP	56	50588-443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=
21	0.022988	192.124.249.9	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	443-50586 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0
22	0.022996	10.0.2.15	192.124.249.9	TCP	56	50586-443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=
23	0.023212	10.0.2.15	192.124.249.9	TLSv1.2	261	Client Hello
24	0.023373	10.0.2.15	192.124.249.9	TLSv1.2	261	Client Hello
25	0.023445	192.124.249.9	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	443-50588 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=
26	0.023617	192.124.249.9	10.0.2.15	TCP	62	443-50586 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=
27	0.037413	192.124.249.9	10.0.2.15	TLSv1.2	2792	Server Hello
28	0.037426	10.0.2.15	192.124.249.9	TCP	56	50586-443 [ACK] Seq=206 Ac

> Frame 23: 261 bytes on wire (2088 bits), 261 bytes captured (2088 bits)
 > Linux cooked capture
 > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.2.15 (10.0.2.15), Dst: 192.124.249.9 (192.124.249.9)
 > Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 50588 (50588), Dst Port: 443 (443), Seq: 1, Ack:1,
 > Secure Sockets Layer

0000	00 04 00 01 00 06 08 00	27 7a 3c 93 00 00 08 00 *z<.....
0010	45 00 00 f5 eb 3e 40 00	40 06 89 2f 0a 00 02 0f	E....>@. @../....
0020	c0 7c f9 09 c5 9c 01 bb	4d db 7f f7 00 b3 b0 02 M.....
0030	50 18 72 10 c6 7c 00 00	16 03 01 00 c8 01 00 00	P.r..
0040	c4 03 03 d1 08 45 78 b7	2c 90 04 ee 51 16 f1 82Ex.0...
0050	16 43 ec d4 89 60 34 4a	7b 80 a6 d1 72 d5 11 87	.C....4J {...r...
0060	10 57 cc 00 00 1e c0 2b	c0 2f cc a9 cc a8 c0 2c	.W.....+ ./.....
0070	c0 30 c0 0a c0 09 c0 13	c0 14 00 33 00 39 00 2f	.0..... ...3.9./
0080	00 35 00 0a 01 00 00 7d	00 00 00 16 00 14 00 00	.5.....}
0090	11 77 77 77 2e 6c 69 6e	75 78 6d 69 6e 74 2e 63	.wwwlin uxmint.c
00a0	6f 6d 00 17 00 00 ff 01	00 01 00 00 0a 00 08 00	om.....
00b0	06 00 17 00 18 00 19 00	0b 00 02 01 00 00 23 00
00c0	00 33 74 00 00 00 10 00	17 00 15 02 68 32 08 73	.3t.....h2.s
00d0	70 64 79 2f 33 2e 31 08	68 74 74 70 2f 31 2e 31	pdY/3.2. http/1.1
00e0	00 05 00 05 01 00 00 00	00 00 0d 00 18 00 16 04
00f0	01 05 01 06 01 02 01 04	03 05 03 06 03 02 03 05
0100	02 04 02 02 02	

source address	10.0.2.15
destination address	50588
source port	443
destination port	192.124.249.9
Network Protocol	Transmission Control Protocol
Transport Protocol	Internet Protocol v4
Application Protocol	Transport Layer Security v1.2

Answer:

	source address
	source port
	destination port
	destination address
	Transport Protocol
	Network Protocol
	Application Protocol

QUESTION 17

Drag and Drop Question

Drag and drop the access control models from the left onto the correct descriptions on the right.

MAC	object owner determines permissions
ABAC	OS determines permissions
RBAC	role of the subject determines permissions
DAC	attributes of the subject determines permissions

Answer:

DAC
MAC
RBAC
ABAC

QUESTION 18

Drag and Drop Question

Drag and drop the technology on the left onto the data type the technology provides on the right.

tcpdump	session data
web content filtering	full packet capture
traditional stateful firewall	transaction data
NetFlow	connection event

Answer:

web content filtering
tcpdump
NetFlow
traditional stateful firewall

QUESTION 19

Which tool is commonly used by threat actors on a webpage to take advantage of the software vulnerabilities of a system to spread malware?

- A. exploit kit
- B. root kit
- C. vulnerability kit
- D. script kiddie kit

Answer: A

QUESTION 20

Which two methods might be used by an analyst to detect SSL/TLS encrypted command-and-control communication? (Choose two.)

- A. perform decryption and inspection of SSL/TLS traffic
- B. perform firewall HTTP application inspection to detect for the command and control traffic
- C. perform IPS HTTP deep packets inspection to detect for the command and control traffic

D. perform analysis of the NetFlow data to detect anomalous TLS/SSL flows

Answer: AD

QUESTION 21

While viewing packet capture data, an analyst sees that one IP is sending and receiving traffic for multiple devices by modifying the IP header.

Which technology makes this behavior possible?

- A. encapsulation
- B. TOR
- C. tunneling
- D. NAT

Answer: D

QUESTION 22

When communicating via TLS, the client initiates the handshake to the server and the server responds back with its certificate for identification.

Which information is available on the server certificate?

- A. server name, trusted subordinate CA, and private key
- B. trusted subordinate CA, public key, and cipher suites
- C. trusted CA name, cipher suites, and private key
- D. server name, trusted CA, and public key

Answer: D

QUESTION 23

A security engineer has a video of a suspect entering a data center that was captured on the same day that files in the same data center were transferred to a competitor.

Which type of evidence is this?

- A. best evidence
- B. prima facie evidence
- C. indirect evidence
- D. physical evidence

Answer: C

QUESTION 24

Which two elements of the incident response process are stated in NIST Special Publication 800-61 r2? (Choose two.)

- A. detection and analysis
- B. post-incident activity
- C. vulnerability management
- D. risk assessment
- E. vulnerability scoring

Answer: AB

QUESTION 25

Which utility blocks a host portscan?

- A. HIDS

- B. sandboxing
- C. host-based firewall
- D. antimalware

Answer: C

QUESTION 26

Which event is user interaction?

- A. gaining root access
- B. executing remote code
- C. reading and writing file permission
- D. opening a malicious file

Answer: D

QUESTION 27

An intruder attempted malicious activity and exchanged emails with a user and received corporate information, including email distribution lists. The intruder asked the user to engage with a link in an email. When the link launched, it infected machines and the intruder was able to access the corporate network.

Which testing method did the intruder use?

- A. social engineering
- B. eavesdropping
- C. piggybacking
- D. tailgating

Answer: A

QUESTION 28

Refer to the exhibit. What information is depicted?

Top 10 Src IP Addr ordered by flows:								
Date first seen	Duration	Src IP Addr	Flows	Packets	Bytes	pps	bps	bpp
2019-11-30 06:45:50.990	1147.332	192.168.12.234	109183	202523	13.1 M	176	96116	68
2019-11-30 06:45:02.928	1192.834	10.10.151.203	62794	219715	25.9 M	184	182294	123
2019-11-30 06:59:24.563	330.110	192.168.28.173	27864	47943	2.2 M	145	55769	48

- A. IIS data
- B. NetFlow data
- C. network discovery event
- D. IPS event data

Answer: B

QUESTION 29

Which type of evidence supports a theory or an assumption that results from initial evidence?

- A. probabilistic
- B. indirect
- C. best
- D. corroborative

Answer: D