QUESTION 344
Hotspot Question
You have a hybrid deployment of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Source
User1	Member	Azure AD
User2	Member	Windows Server Active Directory
User3	Guest	Microsoft account

You need to modify the JobTitle and UsageLocation attributes for the users.
For which users can you modify the attributes from Azure AD? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

JobTitle:

```
User1 only
User1 and User2 only
User1 and User3 only
User1, User2, and User3
```

UsageLocation:

```
User1 only
User1 and User2 only
User1 and User3 only
User1, User2, and User3
```

Answer:

Answer Area

JobTitle:

User1 only
User1 and User2 only
User1 and User3 only
User1, User2, and User3

UsageLocation:

User1 only
User1 and User2 only
User1 and User3 only
User1, User2, and User3

Explanation:
Box 1: User1 and User3 only
You must use Windows Server Active Directory to update the identity, contact info, or job info for users whose source of authority is Windows Server Active Directory.
Box 2: User1, User2, and User3
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/fundamentals/active-directory-users-profile-azure-portal

QUESTION 345
Hotspot Question
You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Location	Resource group
RG1	Resource group	West US	Not applicable
RG2	Resource group	West US	Not applicable
Vault1	Recovery Services vault	Central US	RG1
Vault2	Recovery Services vault	West US	RG2
VM1	Virtual machine	Central US	RG2
storage1	Storage account	West US	RG1
SQL1	Azure SQL database	East US	RG2

In storage1, you create a blob container named blob1 and a file share named share1.
Which resources can be backed up to Vault1 and Vault2? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Can use Vault1 for backups: [▼]

VM1 only
VM1 and share1 only
VM1 and SQL1 only
VM1, storage1, and SQL1 only
VM1, blob1, share1, and SQL1

Can use Vault2 for backups: [▼]

storage1 only
share1 only
VM1 and share1 only
blob1 and share1 only
storage1 and SQL1 only

Answer:

Answer Area

Can use Vault1 for backups: [▼]

VM1 only
VM1 and share1 only
VM1 and SQL1 only
VM1, storage1, and SQL1 only
VM1, blob1, share1, and SQL1

Can use Vault2 for backups: [▼]

storage1 only
share1 only
VM1 and share1 only
blob1 and share1 only
storage1 and SQL1 only

Explanation:
Box 1: VM1 only
VM1 is in the same region as Vault1.
File1 is not in the same region as Vautl1.

SQL is not in the same region as Vault1.
Blobs cannot be backup up to service vaults.
Note: To create a vault to protect virtual machines, the vault must be in the same region as the virtual machines.
Box 2: Share1 only.
Storage1 is in the same region (West USA) as Vault2. Share1 is in Storage1.
Note: After you select Backup, the Backup pane opens and prompts you to select a storage account from a list of discovered supported storage accounts. They're either associated with this vault or present in the same region as the vault, but not yet associated to any Recovery Services vault.
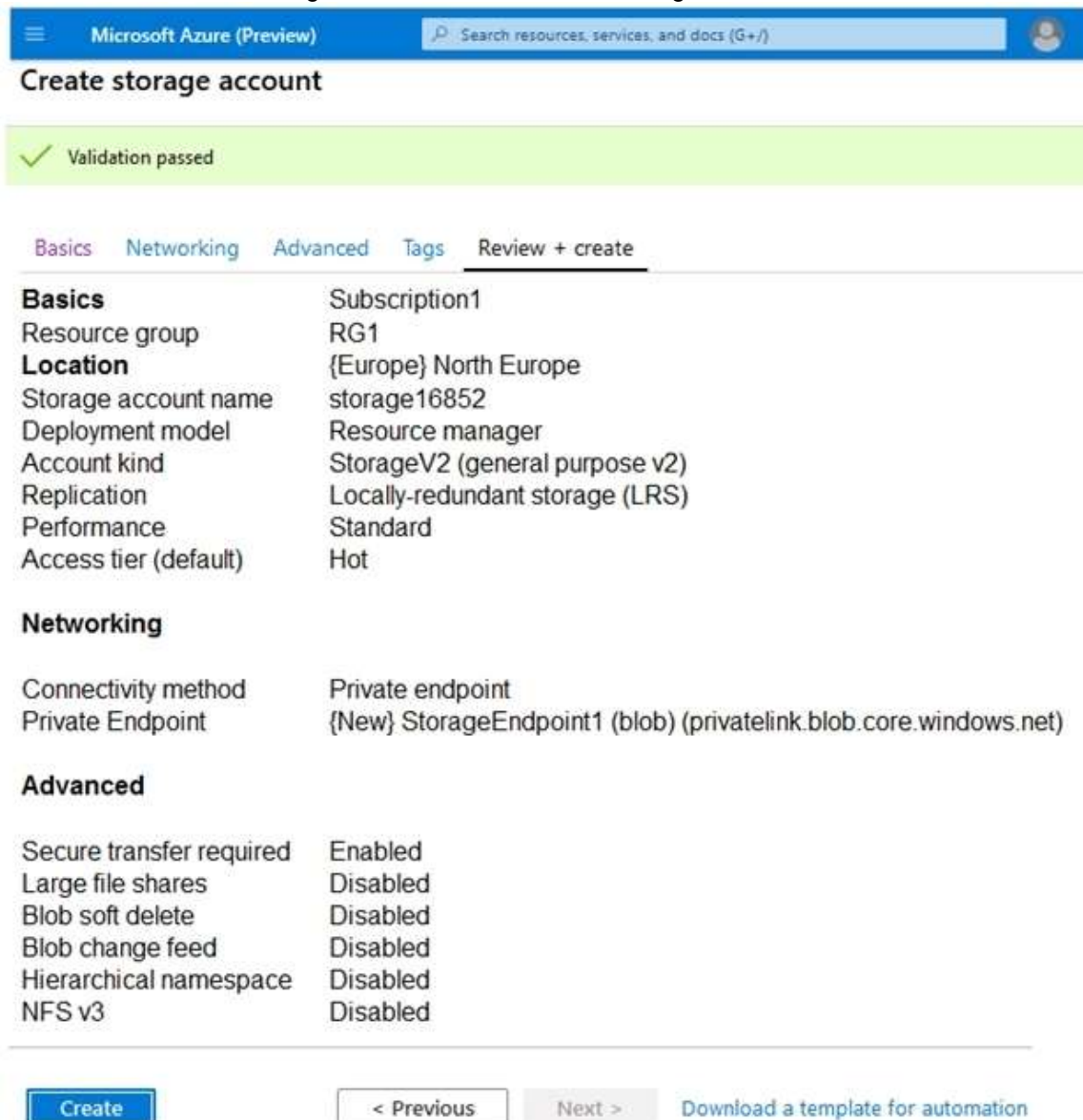Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/bs-cyrl-ba/azure/backup/backup-create-rs-vault
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/backup-afs

QUESTION 346
Hotspot Question
You have an Azure subscription.
You create the Azure Storage account shown in the following exhibit.

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The minimum number of copies of the storage account will be [answer choice]	▼
	1
	2
	3
	4

To reduce the cost of infrequently accessed data in the storage account, you must modify the [answer choice] setting	▼
	Access tier (default)
	Performance
	Account kind
	Replication

Answer:

Answer Area

The minimum number of copies of the storage account will be [answer choice]	▼
	1
	2
	3
	4

To reduce the cost of infrequently accessed data in the storage account, you must modify the [answer choice] setting	▼
	Access tier (default)
	Performance
	Account kind
	Replication

Explanation:
Box 1: 3
Locally Redundant Storage (LRS) provides highly durable and available storage within a single location (sub region). We maintain an equivalent of 3 copies (replicas) of your data within the primary location as described in our SOSP paper; this ensures that we can recover from common failures (disk, node, rack) without impacting your storage account's availability and durability.
Box 2: Access tier
Change the access tier from Hot to Cool.
Note: Azure storage offers different access tiers, which allow you to store blob object data in the most cost-effective manner. The available access tiers include:
Hot -Optimized for storing data that is accessed frequently. Cool -Optimized for storing data that is infrequently accessed and stored for at least 30 days. Archive -Optimized for storing data that is rarely accessed and stored for at least 180 days with flexible latency requirements (on the order of hours).
Reference:
https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/data-series-introducing-locally-redundant-storage-for-windows-azure-storage/
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers

QUESTION 347
Hotspot Question
You have Azure subscriptions named Subscription1 and Subscription2.
Subscription1 has following resource groups:

Name	Region	Lock type
RG1	West Europe	None
RG2	West Europe	Read Only

RG1 includes a web app named App1 in the West Europe location.
Subscription2 contains the following resource groups:

Name	Region	Lock type
RG3	East Europe	Delete
RG4	Central US	none

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
App1 can be moved to RG2	○	○
App1 can be moved to RG3	○	○
App1 can be moved to RG4	○	○

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
App1 can be moved to RG2	⬤	○
App1 can be moved to RG3	⬤	○
App1 can be moved to RG4	⬤	○

Explanation:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/move-limitations/app-service-move-
limitations

QUESTION 348
Hotspot Question
You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that contains the following resource group:
- Name: RG1
- Region: West US
- Tag: "tag1": "value1"

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You assign an Azure policy named Policy1 to Subscription1 by using the following configurations:
- Exclusions: None
- Policy definition: Append a tag and its value to resources
- Assignment name: Policy1
- Parameters:
- Tag name: Tag2
- Tag value: Value2

After Policy1 is assigned, you create a storage account that has the following configuration:
- Name: storage1
- Location: West US
- Resource group: RG1
- Tags: "tag3": "value3"

You need to identify which tags are assigned to each resource.

What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Tags assigned to RG1: ▼

| "tag1": "value1" only |
| "tag2": "value2" only |
| "tag1": "value1" and "tag2": "value2" |

Tags assigned to storage1: ▼

| "tag3": "value3" only |
| "tag1": "value1" and "tag3": "value3" only |
| "tag2": "value2" and "tag3": "value2" only |
| "tag1": "value1", "tag2": "value2", and "tag3": "value3" |

Answer:

Answer Area

Tags assigned to RG1: ▼

| **"tag1": "value1" only** |
| "tag2": "value2" only |
| "tag1": "value1" and "tag2": "value2" |

Tags assigned to storage1: ▼

| "tag3": "value3" only |
| "tag1": "value1" and "tag3": "value3" only |
| **"tag2": "value2" and "tag3": "value2" only** |
| "tag1": "value1", "tag2": "value2", and "tag3": "value3" |

Explanation:

Box 1: "tag1": "value1" only

Box 2: "tag2": "value2" and "tag3": "value2" only

Tags applied to the resource group are not inherited by the resources in that resource group.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-using-tags

QUESTION 349

Hotspot Question
You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1.
In Subscription1, you create an alert rule named Alert1.
The Alert1 action group is configured as shown in the following exhibit.

```
ResourceGroupName   : default-activitylogalerts
GroupShortName      : AG1
Enabled             : True
EmailReceivers      : {Action1_ "EmailAction"}
SmsReceivers        : {Action1_ "SMSAction"}
WebhookReceivers    : {}
Id                  : /subscriptions/a4fde29b-d56a-4f6c-8298-
6c53cd0b720c/resourceGroups/
default-activitylogalerts/providers/microsoft.insights/actionGroups/ActionGroup1
Name                : ActionGroup1
Type                : Microsoft.Insights/ActionGroups
Location            : Global
Tags                : {}
```

Alert1 alert criteria triggered every minute.
Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The number of email messages that Alert1 will send in an hour is [▼]
0
4
6
12
60

The number of SMS messages that Alert2 will send in an hour is [▼]
0
4
6
12
60

Answer:

Answer Area

The number of email messages that Alert1 will send in an hour is [▼]
0
4
6
12
60

The number of SMS messages that Alert2 will send in an hour is [▼]
0
4
6
12
60

Explanation:
Box 1: 60
One alert per minute will trigger one email per minute.
Box 2: 12
No more than 1 SMS every 5 minutes can be send, which equals 12 per hour.
Note: Rate limiting is a suspension of notifications that occurs when too many are sent to a particular phone number, email address or device. Rate limiting ensures that alerts are manageable and actionable.
The rate limit thresholds are:
SMS: No more than 1 SMS every 5 minutes.
Voice: No more than 1 Voice call every 5 minutes.
Email: No more than 100 emails in an hour.
Other actions are not rate limited.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/alerts-rate-limiting

QUESTION 350
Hotspot Question
You have a virtual network named VNet1 that has the configuration shown in the following exhibit.

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

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Answer Area

Before a virtual machine on VNet1 can receive an
IP address from 192.168.1.0/24, you must first

▼
add a network interface
add a subnet
add an address space
delete a subnet
delete an address space

Before a virtual machine on VNet1 can receive an
IP address from 10.2.1.0/24, you must first

▼
add a network interface
add a subnet
add an address space
delete a subnet
delete an address space

Answer:

Answer Area

Before a virtual machine on VNet1 can receive an
IP address from 192.168.1.0/24, you must first

▼
add a network interface
add a subnet
add an address space
delete a subnet
delete an address space

Before a virtual machine on VNet1 can receive an
IP address from 10.2.1.0/24, you must first

▼
add a network interface
add a subnet
add an address space
delete a subnet
delete an address space

Explanation:
Box 1: add an address space
Your IaaS virtual machines (VMs) and PaaS role instances in a virtual network automatically receive a private IP address from a range that you specify, based on the address space of the subnet they are connected to. We need to add the 192.168.1.0/24 address space.
Box 2: add a network interface
The 10.2.1.0/24 network exists. We need to add a network interface.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/enterprise/designing-networking-for-microsoft-azure-iaas

QUESTION 351
Hotspot Question
You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that contains the virtual networks in the following table.

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Name	Subnets
VNet1	Subnet11, Subnet12
VNet2	Subnet13

Subscription1 contains the virtual machines in the following table.

Name	Subnet	Availability set
VM1	Subnet11	AS1
VM2	Subnet11	AS1
VM3	Subnet11	Not applicable
VM4	Subnet11	Not applicable
VM5	Subnet12	Not applicable
VM6	Subnet12	Not applicable

In Subscription1, you create a load balancer that has the following configurations:
▪ Name: LB1
▪ SKU: Basic
▪ Type: Internal
▪ Subnet: Subnet12
▪ Virtual network: VNET1

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
LB1 can balance the traffic between VM1 and VM2.	○	○
LB1 can balance the traffic between VM3 and VM4.	○	○
LB1 can balance the traffic between VM5 and VM6.	○	○

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
LB1 can balance the traffic between VM1 and VM2.	●	○
LB1 can balance the traffic between VM3 and VM4.	○	●
LB1 can balance the traffic between VM5 and VM6.	○	●

Explanation:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-standard-overview

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QUESTION 352
Hotspot Question
You have an Azure virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2019 and has the following configurations:
・Name: VM1
・Location: West US
・Connected to: VNET1
・Private IP address: 10.1.0.4
・Public IP addresses: 52.186.85.63
・DNS suffix in Windows Server: Adatum.com
You create the Azure DNS zones shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Location
Adatum.pri	Private	West Europe
Contoso.pri	Private	Central US
Adatum.com	Public	West Europe
Contoso.com	Public	North Europe

You need to identify which DNS zones you can link to VNET1 and the DNS zones to which VM1 can automatically register.
Which zones should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

DNS zones that you can link to VNET1:

Adatum.com only
Adatum.pri and adatum.com only
The private zones only
The public zones only

DNS zones to which VM1 can automatically register:

Adatum.com only
Adatum.pri and adatum.com only
The private zones only
The public zones only

Answer:

Answer Area

DNS zones that you can link to VNET1:

Adatum.com only
Adatum.pri and adatum.com only
The private zones only
The public zones only

DNS zones to which VM1 can automatically register:

Adatum.com only
Adatum.pri and adatum.com only
The private zones only
The public zones only

Explanation:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dns/private-dns-overview

QUESTION 353
Drag and Drop Question
You have an on-premises network that you plan to connect to Azure by using a site-so-site VPN.
In Azure, you have an Azure virtual network named VNet1 that uses an address space of 10.0.0.0/16 VNet1 contains a subnet named Subnet1 that uses an address space of 10.0.0.0/24.
You need to create a site-to-site VPN to Azure.
Which four actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.
NOTE: More than one order of answer choice is correct. You will receive credit for any of the correct orders you select.

Actions

Create a local gateway.

Create a VPN gateway.

Create a gateway subnet.

Create a custom DNS server.

Create a VPN connection.

Create an Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) profile.

Answer Area

Answer:

Actions

Answer Area

Create a gateway subnet.

Create a VPN gateway.

Create a local gateway.

Create a custom DNS server.

Create a VPN connection.

Create an Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) profile.

QUESTION 354
Hotspot Question
You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Resource group	Location
RG1	Resource group	Not applicable	Central US
RG2	Resource group	Not applicable	West US
RG3	Resource group	Not applicable	East US
VMSS1	Virtual machine scale set	RG1	West US

VMSS1 is set to VM (virtual machines) orchestration mode.
You need to deploy a new Azure virtual machine named VM1, and then add VM1 to VMSS1.
Which resource group and location should you use to deploy VM1? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Resource group:
```
RG1 only
RG2 only
RG1 or RG2 only
RG1, RG2, or RG3
```

Location:
```
West US only
Central US only
Central US or West US only
East US, Central US, or West US
```

Answer:

Answer Area

Resource group:
```
RG1 only
RG2 only
RG1 or RG2 only
RG1, RG2, or RG3     [highlighted]
```

Location:
```
West US only          [highlighted]
Central US only
Central US or West US only
East US, Central US, or West US
```

Explanation:
Box 1: RG1, RG2, or RG3
The resource group stores metadata about the resources. When you specify a location for the resource group, you're specifying where that metadata is stored.
Box 2: West US only
Note: Virtual machine scale sets will support 2 distinct orchestration modes:
ScaleSetVM ?Virtual machine instances added to the scale set are based on the scale set configuration model. The virtual machine instance lifecycle -creation, update, deletion -is managed by the scale set. VM (virtual machines) ?Virtual machines created outside of the scale set can be explicitly added to the scaleset.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/overview

QUESTION 355
Hotspot Question
Peering for VNET2 is configured as shown in the following exhibit.

VNET2 | Peerings
Virtual network

«	

🔍 Search (Ctrl+/)

➕ Add   🔄 Refresh   ✕

↔ Overview

🔍 Search peerings

🖥 Activity log

NAME	PEERING STATUS	PEER	GATEWAY TRANSIT
👤 Access control (IAM)

🏷 Tags | Peering1 | Connected | VNET1 | Disabled ... |

✖ Diagnose and solve problems

Peering for VNET3 is configured as shown in the following exhibit.

VNET3 | Peerings
Virtual network

«	

🔍 Search (Ctrl+/)

➕ Add   🔄 Refresh   ✕

↔ Overview

🔍 Search peerings

🖥 Activity log

NAME	PEERING STATUS	PEER	GATEWAY TRANSIT
👤 Access control (IAM)

🏷 Tags | Peering1 | Connected | VNET1 | Disabled ... |

✖ Diagnose and solve problems

How can packets be routed between the virtual networks? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Packets from VNET1 can be routed to: ▼

| VNET2 only |
| VNET3 only |
| VNET2 and VNET3 |

Packets from VNET2 can be routed to: ▼

| VNET1 only |
| VNET3 only |
| VNET1 and VNET3 |

Answer:

Answer Area

Packets from VNET1 can be routed to: ▼

| VNET2 only |
| VNET3 only |
| **VNET2 and VNET3** |

Packets from VNET2 can be routed to: ▼

| **VNET1 only** |
| VNET3 only |
| VNET1 and VNET3 |

Explanation:
Box 1. VNET2 and VNET3
Box 2: VNET1
Gateway transit is disabled.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-peering-overview